

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

Corteva Agriscience UK Limited

Safety Data Sheet according to Reg. (EU) No 2015/830

Product name: KERB FLO

Revision Date: 22.07.2021 Version: 2.3 Date of last issue: 22.07.2021 Print Date: 22.07.2021

Corteva Agriscience UK Limited encourages you and expects you to read and understand the entire SDS as there is important information throughout the document. This SDS provides users with information relating to the protection of human health and safety at the workplace, protection of the environment and supports emergency response. Product users and applicators should primarily refer to the product label attached to or accompanying the product container.

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier Product name: KERB FLO

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Identified uses:** Plant Protection Product Herbicide

## 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Corteva Agriscience UK Limited CPC2 CAPITAL PARK FULBOURN CAMBRIDGE - England - CB21 5XE UNITED KINGDOM

Customer Information Number E-mail address		+44 8006 89 8899 SDS@corteva.com
1.4 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE		
24-Hour Emergency Contact	:	+353 76 680 5288
Local Emergency Contact	:	+353 76 680 5288
	(Be	aumont Hospital): 01 809 2166 (8 AM - 10 PM):

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:** Carcinogenicity - Category 2 - H351 Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard - Category 1 - H400 Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard - Category 1 - H410 For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazard pictograms



#### Signal Word: WARNING

#### Hazard statements

H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statements**

P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P391	Collect spillage.
P501	Dispose of contents/container to a licensed waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean triple rinsed containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

#### Supplemental information

- EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.
- EUH208 Contains: 2-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 6-hydroxy-, polymer with formaldehyde and methylphenol, sodium salt; 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

No data available

## **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

This product is a mixture.

CASRN / EC-No. / Index-No.	REACH Registration Number	Concentration	Component	Classification: REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008
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CASRN 23950-58-5 EC-No. 245-951-4 Index-No. 616-055-00-4	_	35.1%	Propyzamide (ISO)	Carc 2 - H351 Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic - 1 - H410
CASRN 57-55-6 EC-No. 200-338-0 Index-No.	01-2119456809-23	>= 3.0 - < 10.0 %	Propylene glycol	Not classified
CASRN 68540-70-5 EC-No. – Index-No. –	-	>= 3.0 - < 10.0 %	2- Naphthalenesulfoni c acid, 6-hydroxy-, polymer with formaldehyde and methylphenol, sodium salt	Eye Irrit 2 - H319 Skin Sens 1 - H317

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation: No emergency medical treatment necessary.

**Skin contact:** Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be available in work area.

**Eye contact:** Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Ingestion: No emergency medical treatment necessary.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to physician:** No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

## SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media:** To extinguish combustible residues of this product use water fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: No data available

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazardous combustion products:** Under fire conditions some components of this product may decompose. The smoke may contain unidentified toxic and/or irritating compounds. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Nitrogen oxides. Hydrogen chloride. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** This material will not burn until the water has evaporated. Residue can burn.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. To extinguish combustible residues of this product use water fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage. Review the "Accidental Release Measures" and the "Ecological Information" sections of this (M)SDS.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). Avoid contact with this material during fire fighting operations. If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant fire fighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location. For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to the relevant sections.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

**6.2 Environmental precautions:** Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

**6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Contain spilled material if possible. Small spills: Absorb with materials such as: Clay. Dirt. Sand. Sweep up. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Large spills: Contact the company for clean-up assistance. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

**6.4 Reference to other sections:** References to other sections, if applicable, have been provided in the previous sub-sections.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

**7.1 Precautions for safe handling:** Keep out of reach of children. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container

closed. Use with adequate ventilation. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

**7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:** Store in a dry place. Store in original container. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Do not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies.

7.3 Specific end use(s): Refer to product label.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value/Notation
Propylene glycol	US WEEL	TWA	10 mg/m3
	IE OEL	OELV - 8 hrs (TWA)	470 mg/m3 150 ppm
	IE OEL	OELV - 8 hrs (TWA)	10 mg/m3
	IE OEL	OELV - 8 hrs (TWA)	10 mg/m3
		particles	
	IE OEL	( )	470 mg/m3 150 ppm
		total (vapour and	
		particles)	

RECOMMENDATIONS IN THIS SECTION ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING AND PACKAGING WORKERS. APPLICATORS AND HANDLERS SHOULD SEE THE PRODUCT LABEL FOR PROPER PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING.

#### Derived No Effect Level

Propylene glycol

#### Workers

Acute syste	emic effects	Acute local effects		Long-term systemic effects		Long-term local effects	
Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	168 mg/m3	n.a.	10 mg/m3

#### Consumers

Acute	systemic e	ffects	Acute local effects		Long-term systemic effects			Long-term local effects	
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	50 mg/m3	n.a.	n.a.	10 mg/m3

#### **Predicted No Effect Concentration**

Propylene glycol

Compartment	PNEC
Fresh water	260 mg/l

Marine water	26 mg/l
Intermittent use/release	183 mg/l
Sewage treatment plant	20000 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	572 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
Marine sediment	57.2 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
Soil	50 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering controls:** Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations.

#### Individual protection measures

**Eye/face protection:** Use safety glasses (with side shields). Safety glasses (with side shields) should be consistent with EN 166 or equivalent.

#### Skin protection

**Hand protection:** Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 4 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 120 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 1 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 10 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier. **Other protection:** Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

**Respiratory protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. For most conditions no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if discomfort is experienced, use an approved air-purifying respirator.

Use the following CE approved air-purifying respirator: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter, type AP2 (meeting standard EN 14387).

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

See SECTION 7: Handling and storage and SECTION 13: Disposal considerations for measures to prevent excessive environmental exposure during use and waste disposal.

## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Physical state	Liquid
Color	tan

Odor	Mild
Odor Threshold	No data available
рН	7.91 pH Electrode (1% aqueous suspension)
Melting point/range	Not applicable
Freezing point	-5 °C
Boiling point (760 mmHg)	No data available
Flash point	closed cup > 100 °C Closed Cup
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No
Lower explosion limit	No data available
Upper explosion limit	No data available
Vapor Pressure	No data available
Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)	No data available
Relative Density (water = 1)	1.133
Water solubility	No data available
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	> 400 °C
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Dynamic Viscosity	No data available
Kinematic Viscosity	No test data available
Explosive properties	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	No, No significant increase (>5C) in temperature.
9.2 Other information	
Liquid Density	1.133 g/cm3 at 20 °C Digital density meter
Molecular weight	No data available
Surface tension	61.5 mN/m at25 °C EC Method A5

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**10.1 Reactivity:** No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

- **10.2 Chemical stability:** Thermally stable at typical use temperatures.
- **10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Polymerization will not occur.
- **10.4 Conditions to avoid:** Some components of this product can decompose at elevated temperatures.
- **10.5 Incompatible materials:** Avoid contact with: Strong oxidizers.

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:** Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Hydrogen chloride. Nitrogen oxides. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

For similar material(s): LD50, Rat, female, > 5,000 mg/kg

#### Acute dermal toxicity

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

For similar material(s): LD50, Rat, male and female, > 5,000 mg/kg

#### Acute inhalation toxicity

No adverse effects are anticipated from inhalation. Based on the available data, respiratory irritation was not observed.

For similar material(s): LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 5.19 mg/l

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

May cause slight temporary eye irritation. Corneal injury is unlikely.

#### Sensitization

For similar material(s): Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization: No relevant data found.

#### Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

#### Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

For the active ingredient(s): In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs: Adrenal gland. Kidney. Liver. Ovaries. Pancreas. Thyroid.

#### Carcinogenicity

For the active ingredient(s): Has caused cancer in laboratory animals.

#### Teratogenicity

For the active ingredient(s): Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother. Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

For the active ingredient(s): In laboratory animal studies, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals.

#### **Mutagenicity**

For the active ingredient(s): In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

#### Aspiration Hazard

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Acute toxicity to fish Based on information for component(s): Material is slightly toxic to fish on an acute basis (LC50 between 10 and 100 mg/L).

For similar material(s): LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), flow-through test, 96 Hour, 53.6 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203

#### Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

Material is slightly toxic to aquatic invertebrates on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 10 and 100 mg/L).

For similar material(s): EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), flow-through test, 48 Hour, > 99.2 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202

#### Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

Based on information for component(s): Material is very highly toxic to some aquatic vascular plant species.

#### For similar material(s):

ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, 10.4 mg/l

For the active ingredient(s): ErC50, Myriophyllum spicatum, 14 Hour, 0.021 mg/l

For the active ingredient(s): NOEC, Myriophyllum spicatum, 14 Hour, 0.00006 mg/l

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

#### Propyzamide (ISO)

**Biodegradability:** Biodegradation may occur under aerobic conditions (in the presence of oxygen). No data available

#### Stability in Water (1/2-life)

Hydrolysis, pH 5 - 9, Stable

#### Propylene glycol

Biodegradability: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability. Biodegradation may occur under anaerobic conditions (in the absence of oxygen).
10-day Window: Pass
Biodegradation: 81 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent
10-day Window: Not applicable
Biodegradation: 96 %
Exposure time: 64 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 306 or Equivalent

#### 2-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 6-hydroxy-, polymer with formaldehyde and methylphenol, sodium salt

**Biodegradability:** Material is inherently biodegradable (reaches > 20% biodegradation in OECD test(s) for inherent biodegradability).

Biodegradation: 60 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B or Equivalent

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

#### Propyzamide (ISO)

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3). **Partition coefficient:** n-octanol/water(log Pow): 3 **Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 49 Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

#### Propylene glycol

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3). **Partition coefficient:** n-octanol/water(log Pow): -1.07 Measured **Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 0.09 Estimated.

2-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 6-hydroxy-, polymer with formaldehyde and methylphenol, sodium salt Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

#### Propyzamide (ISO)

Potential for mobility in soil is low (Koc between 500 and 2000). Partition coefficient (Koc): 840 Measured

#### Propylene glycol

Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process. Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50). **Partition coefficient (Koc):** < 1 Estimated.

#### 2-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 6-hydroxy-, polymer with formaldehyde and methylphenol, sodium salt No relevant data found.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### Propyzamide (ISO)

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

#### **Propylene glycol**

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

#### 2-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 6-hydroxy-, polymer with formaldehyde and methylphenol, sodium salt

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

#### Propyzamide (ISO)

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

#### Propylene glycol

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

#### 2-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 6-hydroxy-, polymer with formaldehyde and methylphenol, sodium salt

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

The definitive assignment of this material to the appropriate EWC group and thus its proper EWC code will depend on the use that is made of this material. Contact the authorized waste disposal services.

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### Classification for ROAD and Rail transport (ADR/RID):

14.1 U	UN number	UN 3082		
14.2 L	UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.(Propyzamide)		
14.3 T	Fransport hazard class(es)	9		
14.4 F	Packing group	III		
14.5 E	Environmental hazards	Propyzamide		
14.6 S	Special precautions for user	Hazard Identification Number: 90		
Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):				
14.1 U	UN number	UN 3082		
14.2 L	UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.(Propyzamide)		
14.3 T	Fransport hazard class(es)	9		
14.4 F	Packing group	III		
14.5 E	Environmental hazards	Propyzamide		
14.6 \$	Special precautions for user	EmS: F-A, S-F		
t 7	Fransport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code	Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk		
Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):				
14.1 U	UN number	UN 3082		
14.2 L	UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.(Propyzamide)		
14.3 T	Fransport hazard class(es)	9		

- 14.4 Packing groupIII14.5 Environmental hazardsNot applicable
- 14.6 Special precautions for user No data available.

#### Further information:

Marine Pollutants assigned UN number 3077 and 3082 in single or combination packaging containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less for liquids or having a net mass per single or inner packaging of 5 KG or less for solids may be transported as non-dangerous goods as provided in section 2.10.2.7 of IMDG code, IATA special provision A197, and ADR/RID special provision 375.

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced

by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### REACh Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

This product contains only components that have been either pre-registered, registered, are exempt from registration, are regarded as registered or are not subject to registration according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH).,The aforementioned indications of the REACH registration status are provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure thathis/her understanding of the regulatory status of this product is correct.

## Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Listed in Regulation: ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS Number in Regulation: E1 100 t 200 t

#### **15.2 Chemical safety assessment**

For proper and safe use of this product, please refer to the approval conditions laid down on the product label.

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Carc. - 2 - H351 - Calculation method Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 - Calculation method Aquatic Chronic - 1 - H410 - Calculation method

#### Revision

Identification Number: / Issue Date: 22.07.2021 / Version: 2.3 DAS Code: GF-3300

Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

Legend	
IE OEL	Ireland. List of Chemical Agents and Occupational Exposure Limit Values -
	Schedule 1
OELV - 8 hrs	Occupational exposure limit value (8-hour reference period)
(TWA)	
TWA	8-hr TWA
US WEEL	USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)
Aquatic Acute	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Carc.	Carcinogenicity
Eye Irrit.	Eye irritation
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitization

### Full text of other abbreviations

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways: ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association: IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO -International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level: NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate: NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance: PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances: (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID -Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - substance of very high concern; TCSI -Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very **Bioaccumulative** 

#### **Information Source and References**

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

Corteva Agriscience UK Limited urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data

contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version. IE